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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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09/703,430

10/31/2000

James B. Cho

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09/29/2004

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EXAMINER

DUONG, FRANK

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2666

DATE MAILED: 09/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/703,430

Applicant(s)

CHO ET AL.

Examiner

Frank Duong

Art Unit

2666

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 October 2000.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/29/01</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is a response to the communication dated 10/31/2000. Claims 1-30 are pending in the application.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement filed 06/29/01 complies with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609. It has been considered and placed in the application file.

Claim Objections

3. Claim 23 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Lines 3-4, "said determining" should read --said nodes determining--.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Stephenson, Jr. et al (USP 5,081,654) (hereinafter "Stephenson").

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Regarding **claim 1**, in accordance with Stephenson reference entirety, Stephenson discloses a bit rate detection circuit (Fig. 3), comprising:

a plurality of shift registers (24, 25, 25', 28, 28', 28'', 32 and 34) adapted to serially shift in bits of data (22) having a data frequency (*col. 5, line 28; 55.52 Mbps*) from a first transceiver (*not shown; inherent depicted as source of signal 22 in Fig. 3*), said shift registers being clocked at a first predetermined rate (*col. 5, lines 59-62*); and logic circuitry ((25, 25', 28 and 28') and (32, 34 and 40)) responsively coupled to (DATA#1, DATA#2, DATA#3) said shift registers (24) providing an output signal (*Fig. 3; output of 40 or Fig. 4; 49*) indicative of the data frequency (STS-3).

Regarding **claim 2**, in addition to features recited in base claim 1 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said first predetermined rate is the highest possible data rate that the incoming data frequency can be (*col. 5, lines 66-68*).

Regarding **claim 3**, in addition to features recited in base claim 1 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said logic circuitry is coupled to node (32 and 34) defines between said shift registers (24) (*see Fig. 3 for details of connections*).

Regarding **claim 4**, in addition to features recited in base claim 3 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said logic circuitry comprises a first logic set (*Fig. 4; A1 Detectors 32*) and a second logic set (*Fig. 4; A2 Detectors 34*) each providing an output signal (*Fig. 4; 37 and 43*), said first logic set being coupled to a first set of said nodes between said shift registers, and said second logic set being

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coupled to a second set of said nodes between said shift registers (see Fig. 4 for details of connections).

Regarding **claim 5**, in addition to features recited in base claim 4 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said first logic set (32) determines if said incoming data frequency is a first predetermined frequency (A1 byte), and said second logic set (34) determines if said incoming data frequency is a second predetermined frequency (A2) being less than said first predetermined frequency (*col. 9, lines 45-46 and thereafter*).

Regarding **claim 6**, in addition to features recited in base claim 5 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said first predetermined frequency (STS-3) is a multiple of said second predetermined frequency (STS-1) (*col. 5, lines 26-29*).

Regarding **claim 7**, in addition to features recited in base claim 4 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses output logic circuitry (40) responsively coupled to said first logic set (32) and said second logic set (34), said output logic circuitry (40) providing said output signal (49) indicative of the data frequency (*col. 7, line 41 to col. 8, line 4*).

Regarding **claim 8**, in addition to features recited in base claim 4 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses a third logic set (Fig. 5; 48) coupled to a third set of said nodes (Fig. 5; 39 and 47) being different than said first and second sets of nodes (*see Fig. 5 for details of connections*).

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Regarding **claim 9**, in addition to features recited in base claim 8 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said third logic set (48) determines if said incoming data frequency is a third predetermined frequency being less than said second predetermined frequency (*col. 7, lines 54-59*).

Regarding **claim 10**, in addition to features recited in base claim 9 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said first predetermined frequency is in multiple of said third predetermined frequency (*col. 7, line 41 to col. 8, line 4*).

Regarding **claim 11**, in addition to features recited in base claim 10 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said third predetermined frequency is also a multiple of said second predetermined frequency (*col. 7, line 41 to col. 8, line 4*).

Regarding **claim 12**, in addition to features recited in base claim 1 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses a communications transceiver module responsively coupled to said logic circuitry output signal and adapted to transmit data back to said first transceiver at said incoming data frequency (*not shown; Stephenson's reference only shows the receiving side of the SONET transceiver. However, it is inherent there is transmitting side of the SONET transceiver accompanying the transceiver to encompass the claimed limitation*).

Regarding **claim 13**, in addition to features recited in base claim 1 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said logic circuitry includes a single clock operating at a first frequency (*Fig. 3; 39MHz*).

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Regarding **claim 14**, in addition to features recited in base claim 1 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said logic circuit provides said output signal (DATA#1, DATA#2 and DATA#3) as a function of framing data (A1 and A2) clocked into said shift registers (24, 25, 25', 28, 28', 28'', 32 and 34)).

Regarding **claim 15**, in addition to features recited in base claim 14 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said framing data is A1 and A2 SONET framing bytes (*Fig. 2 and col. 4, lines 22-28*).

Regarding **claim 16**, in accordance with Stephenson reference entirety, Stephenson discloses a data transceiver (*Figs. 3-4, col. 5, line 55 to col. 10, line 2*), comprising:

a data receiver circuit (*not shown; inherent as depicted in Fig. 3 as source of signal 22*);

logic circuitry (*Fig. 3; 24, 25, 25', 28, 28', 28'', 32, 34 and 40*) responsively coupled to said receiver circuit determining a data rate of data received by said data receiver, said logic circuit including and operating off a single clock operating at a first predetermined frequency (39 MHz); and

a data transmitter (*Fig. 3; 36*) responsively coupled to said logic circuitry and adapted to transmit data at a data rate as a function of said output signal (38) (see *Figure 3 for connections*).

Regarding **claim 17**, in addition to features recited in base claim 16 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said logic circuitry comprises:

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a plurality of shift registers (24) adapted to serially shift in data having a data frequency from a first transceiver (not shown; source of signal 22) (*col. 5, lines 55-66*), said shift registers being clocked at a first predetermined rate (155.52 Mbps) (*col. 5, lines 26-29*); and

logic circuitry (25) responsively coupled to said shift registers (24) providing an output signal (output at 25, 25' and 25'') indicative of the incoming data frequency (*col. 5, lines 65-66*)

Regarding **claim 18**, in addition to features recited in base claim 17 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said first predetermined rate is the highest possible data rate that the incoming data frequency can be (*col. 5, lines 66-68*).

Regarding **claim 19**, in addition to features recited in base claim 17 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said logic circuitry is coupled to nodes defined between said shift registers (*see Fig. 3 for details of connections*).

Regarding **claim 20**, in addition to features recited in base claim 19 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said logic circuitry comprises a first logic set (Fig. 4; 32) and a second logic set (Fig. 4; 34) each providing an output signal (Fig. 4; 37 and 43), said first logic set (32) being coupled to a first set of said nodes (28' and 28'') defined between said shift registers (24), and said second logic set (34) being coupled to a second set of said nodes (28 and 28') defined between said shift registers (24) (*see Fig. 4 for detail connections*).

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Regarding **claim 21**, in accordance with Stephenson reference entirety, Stephenson discloses a method of detecting a bit-rate of data (*Figs. 3-4, col. 5, line 55 to col. 10, line 2*) incoming to a receiver (not shown; inherent as source as signal 22), comprising the steps of:

a) clocking said incoming bit data (22) at a first frequency into a plurality of shift registers (24, 25, 25', 28, 28', 28'', 32 and 34) having a node (Fig. 3; DATA #1 connected to 34 and DATA#2 and DATA#3 connected to 32) between each said shift register (24, 25, 25', 28, 28', 28'', 32 and 34); and

b) analyzing (32 and 34) data at a plurality of said nodes to determine the bit-rate of said incoming bit data (*col. 6, lines 24-36 and thereafter*).

Regarding **claim 22**, in addition to features recited in base claim 21 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said first frequency is the maximum possible data bit-rate of said incoming bit data (*col. 5, lines 66-68*).

Regarding **claim 23**, in addition to features recited in base claim 22 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein logic circuitry (20) analyzes said bit data, said logic circuitry (20) having a first logic set (32) coupled to a first set of said nodes (28' and 28'') determining if said data bit-rate could be a first data rate (F6 detector), and a second logic set (34) coupled to a second set of said nodes (28 and 28') determining if said data bit-rate could be a second data rate being less than said first data rate (*col. 6, line 24 to col. 7, line 41, Stephenson discusses the functions of A1 and A2 detectors 32 and 34*).

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Regarding **claim 24**, in addition to features recited in base claim 23 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said first data rate is said first frequency (STS-3), and said first data rate is also a multiple of said second data rate (STS-1) (*col. 5, lines 26-29*).

Regarding **claim 25**, in addition to features recited in base claim 21 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses responsively transmitting data from a transmitter (Fig. 3; 36) at a data rate being said determined incoming data bit-rate (*col. 7, line 60 to col. 8, line 4*).

Regarding **claim 26**, in addition to features recited in base claim 21 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein frame data is said analyzed data in said step b) (*col. 6, lines 24-36 and thereafter*).

Regarding **claim 27**, in addition to features recited in base claim 26 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses where in said frame data is a A1 and A2 SONET framing byte (*col. 6, lines 24-36 and thereafter*).

Regarding **claim 28**, in accordance with Stephenson reference entirety, Stephenson discloses a bit-rate detection circuit (*Figs. 3-4 and col. 4, line 49 to col. 10, line 2*), comprising:

a plurality of shift registers (*Fig. 3; 25, 25', 28, 28', 28''*) adapted to shift in bits of data having a data rate in parallel from a first transceiver (24), said shift registers being clocked at a predetermined clock rate (39) (*col. 6, lines 9-65*); and

logic circuitry (32 and 34) responsively coupled to said shift registers providing an output signal (Fig. 4; 49) indicative of the data rate (*col. 7, line 60 to col. 8, line 4*).

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Regarding **claim 29**, in addition to features recited in base claim 28 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said clock rate (39 MHz) is less than the maximum data rate (155.52 Mbps) (*col. 5, line 55 to col. 6, line 8*).

Regarding **claim 30**, in addition to features recited in base claim 29 (see rationales discussed above), Stephenson further discloses wherein said data rate is a multiple of said clock rate (*col. 5, line 55 to col. 6, line 8*).

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Chang et al (USP 6,526,109).

Johansen (USP 6,631,144).

Marmur (USP 6,466,886).

Belot et al, A 3.3-V Power Adaptiver 1244/622/155 Mbit/s Transceiver for ATM, SONET/SDH, IEEE pages 1047-1058, 1998.

Seo et al, A 3V Low Power 156/622/1244 Mbps CMOS Parallel Clock and Data Recovery Circuit for Optical Communications, IEICE, pages 1720-1727, 2000.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frank Duong whose telephone number is (571) 272-3164. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00AM-3:30PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Seema Rao can be reached on (571) 272-3174. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Frank Duong', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Frank Duong
Examiner
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September 27, 2004